

Tiger Key Camp Trip Paddle Information Sheet

Description: Tiger Key boasts a nearly mile-long beach, most of which is perfect for camping. It is located on the northern edge of Everglades National Park so camping permits are required (visit their website for details). A small lagoon is hidden on the north side of the key which is fun to explore as well as many islands close by. There are various paddling routes to get to Tiger Key. The one shown here, launching at the Everglades National Park ramp in Everglades City, paddling through Chokoloskee Bay, and Lane Cove, then up West Pass is a good choice for keeping out of the open water of the Gulf.

Skill Level: Intermediate

Distance/Time: 8.3 Miles each way/4 Hours each way

Launch Site: Everglades National Park Visitors Center in Flamingo

Special Considerations: Tidal currents can be very strong in the passes between Chokoloskee Bay and the Gulf. Map, compass and GPS recommended. All back country camping requires permits from Everglades National Park no sooner than 24 hours prior to camping. Please review ENPs Backcountry planning site and check with rangers to make sure site is open. Please practice "Leave No Trace" principles.

Skill Level Definitions

Beginner: New to paddling and may need tips and or instructions about paddling strokes, safety procedures, and entering/exiting kayaks. Comfortable on short trips of 1 to 3 miles on protected waters, when wind does not exceed 5 mph.

Novice: Paddlers acquainted with basic paddle strokes and can manage kayak handling independently in winds not exceeding 10 mph on protected waters. Comfortable on trips up to 6 miles.

Intermediate: Paddlers with experience in basic strokes and some experience on different venues, including some open water. Comfortable on trip distances of 6 to 10 miles, winds not exceeding 15 mph.

Advanced: Seasoned paddlers who possess skills and experience to paddle all venues and conditions. Experienced in self-rescues. Should be comfortable paddling more than 10 miles in a day.

NOTE: Great care has been taken to ensure this guides accuracy, but weather, tides, and water conditions can change rapidly and create hazardous conditions. These maps are for visual reference only, please consult NOAA Charts for navigation. Paddlers should have all proper safety equipment and check conditions before departure. All paddlers should always wear PFDs while on the water, and leave a float plan. There are inherent dangers in any paddle sport. There are special hazards along the Florida coast due to shifting tides, changing wind and weather, shallow waters, and treacherous bottoms with soft mud, rocks, and oyster bars. It is up to each paddler to be aware of these dangers, to accept and be prepared for the risks involved, and to be certain they have the skills to safely paddle in these conditions.