## S1ER Day Paddles - Escambia River

## **Noriegas Island Circumnavigation Information Sheet**

<u>Description</u>: This paddle takes you across the Escambia River, over to Johnstown Bayou, Johnstown Bayou Saultaman Cove, Ferry Cutoff, up the Simpson River, then back down the Escambia River. Once off the Escambia river, there is no development throughout the paddle. You'll pass under the US 90 bridge twice. This brackish water paddle includes a nice variety of marsh lined rivers, creeks, coves, open bay, and bayou. Usually a nice variety of birdlife is present, and dolphins are a common sight.

**Skill Level**: Intermediate

Distance/Approximate Time: 7 Miles 3.5 Hours

Launch Site: Smith's Fish Cam West Ramp

**Special Considerations**: This portion of the river has several side creeks and rivers which can cause navigation difficulties. It is also tidally influenced. A good map, compass and GPS are highly recommended.

## **Skill Level Definitions**

**<u>Beginner</u>**: New to paddling and may need tips and or instructions about paddling strokes, safety procedures, and entering/exiting kayaks. Comfortable on short trips of 1 to 3 miles on protected waters, when wind does not exceed 5 mph.

**Novice**: Paddlers acquainted with basic paddle stokes and can manage kayak handling independently in winds not exceeding 10 mph on protected waters. Comfortable on trips up to 6 miles.

<u>Intermediate</u>: Paddlers with experience in basic strokes and some experience on different venues, including some open water. Comfortable on trip distances of 6 to 10 miles, winds not exceeding 15 mph.

<u>Advanced</u>: Seasoned paddlers who possess skills and experience to paddle all venues and conditions. Experienced in self-rescues. Should be comfortable paddling more than 10 miles in a day.

**NOTE**: Great care has been taken to ensure this guides accuracy, but weather, tides, and water conditions can change rapidly and create hazardous conditions. These maps are for visual reference only, please consult NOAA Charts for navigation. Paddlers should have all proper safety equipment and check conditions before departure. All paddlers should always wear PFDs while on the water, and leave a float plan. There are inherent dangers in any paddle sport. There are special hazards along the Florida coast due to shifting tides, changing wind and weather, shallow waters, and treacherous bottoms with soft mud, rocks, and oyster bars. It is up to each paddler to be aware of these dangers, to accept and be prepared for the risks involved, and to be certain they have the skills to safely paddle in these conditions.